## **Understanding Place Value**

Place value is the foundation of our number system. It helps us understand the value of each digit in a number based on its position. For example, in the number 345, the "3" is in the hundreds place, meaning it represents 300. The "4" is in the tens place, so it stands for 40, and the "5" is in the ones place, representing just 5. By knowing place value, we can break down numbers into smaller parts, making it easier to read, write, and work with them in everyday life.

Place value is especially useful when dealing with large numbers, measurements, or money. For instance, \$572 is the same as five hundred-dollar bills, seven ten-dollar bills, and two one-dollar coins. This system is called the base-ten system because each place value is ten times greater than the one before it. This pattern makes it easier to add, subtract, and even multiply or divide large numbers.

Understanding place value is an important math skill because it connects numbers to the real world. Whether you're measuring the distance to your favorite park or counting savings for a toy, place value helps organize and make sense of numbers. By practicing how to break numbers into hundreds, tens, and ones, students can build confidence in solving problems and see how math is used in everyday life.

## **Reference**:

National Council of Teachers of Mathematics. (2014). *Understanding Numbers: Place Value and Base-Ten Systems*. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.nctm.org">https://www.nctm.org</a>